





#### **LEGACY: Definition**

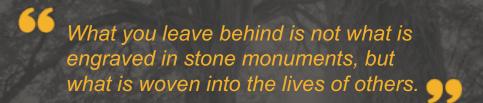
- When it comes to estate planning today, few words are used as often as the word legacy.
- Legacy can mean different things to different people. There are 2 primary definitions of legacy:
  - · An amount of money or property left to someone in a will.
  - A thing handed down by a predecessor.
- The second definition is the one that is capturing the hearts and ideals of an increasing number of clients.





#### 1. Legacy is so much more than money.

- We too often marginalize the word to its financial definition. In doing so, we lose its richness and meaning.
- Financial resources come and go, but lasting legacies are found in our passions, our actions, and our words.



- Pericles



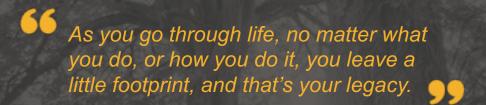


- 1. Legacy is so much more than money.
- 2. Legacy is not neutral.
  - We often think of legacy solely in terms of its positive qualities.
  - The reality is legacy can be positive or negative.
  - Negative family legacies can include things like abuse, addiction, or dysfunctional communication.





- 1. Legacy is so much more than money.
- 2. Legacy is not neutral.
- 3. Legacy is not optional.
  - We will all leave a legacy.
  - We cannot opt out of having an impact on others



Jan Brewer





- 1. Legacy is so much more than money.
- 2. Legacy is not neutral.
- 3. Legacy is not optional.
- 4. People are more legacy-minded today than they have been for thousands of years.
  - Shift of focus from inheritance to impact.
  - Concept of legacy has expanded to involve emotional legacy.
  - Social, spiritual, and emotional legacy are all intertwined with financial legacy



# <u></u> Google Ngram Viewer

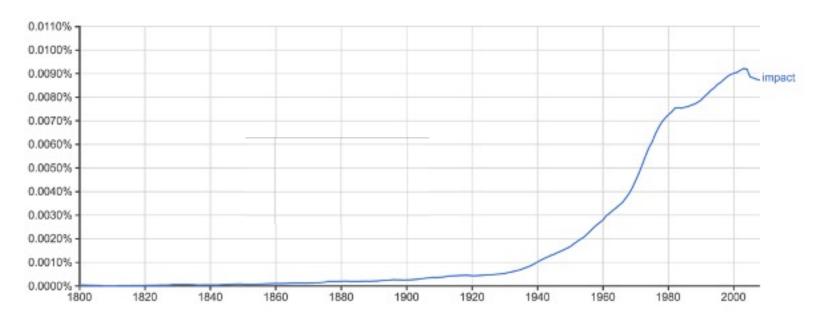
- Enter phrases graph of occurrences: corpus of books over selected years
- Results equal percent of word/phrase usage
- Considers increase in number of published books







## Google Ngram Viewer Term: Impact





#### Google Ngram Viewer Term: Inheritance







- 1. Legacy is so much more than money.
- 2. Legacy is not neutral.
- 3. Legacy is not optional.
- 4. People are more legacy-minded today than they have been for thousands of years.
- 5. Legacies can be changed.
  - Our legacies are constantly shifting and changing until we die.





Myth #1

Life's Formula for Happiness is simple:





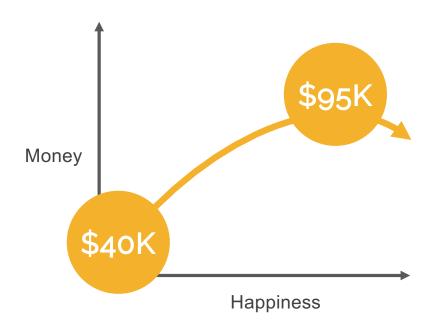
Money = Happiness



Reality #1

Money only has a small and temporary correlation to happiness







Earning greater amounts of money is typically associated with additional work and stress.

1.

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2.

As people make more money, they begin to compare themselves more to others, and this social comparison leads to increased dissatisfaction.



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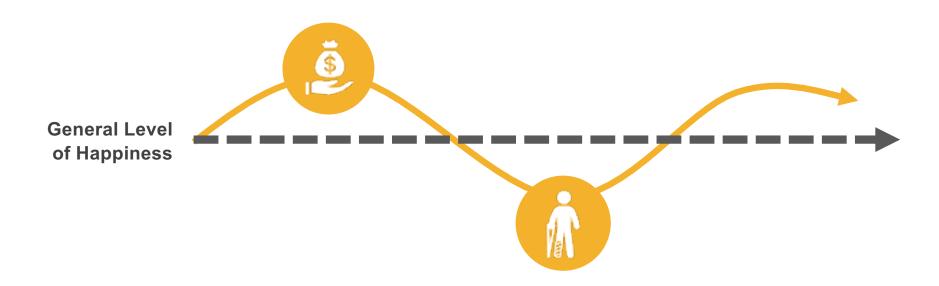
2.

As people make more money, they begin to compare themselves more to others, and this social comparison leads to increased dissatisfaction.

3.

At a \$95,000-a-year income level in the United States, you can, for the most part, get everything you need to live, and so the excess income allows you to switch from needs to wants.



















2.

Happiness was seen as based on one's current situation, while meaning incorporated elements of past, present, and future.



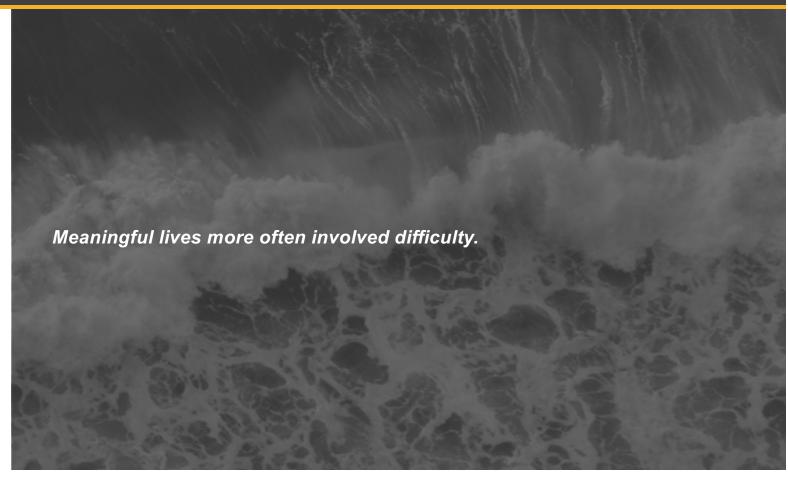
3.

Happiness was seen as flowing from receiving, while meaning was seen as a product of giving.









**5**.

Self-expression correlated more with meaning than with happiness.



Myth #2



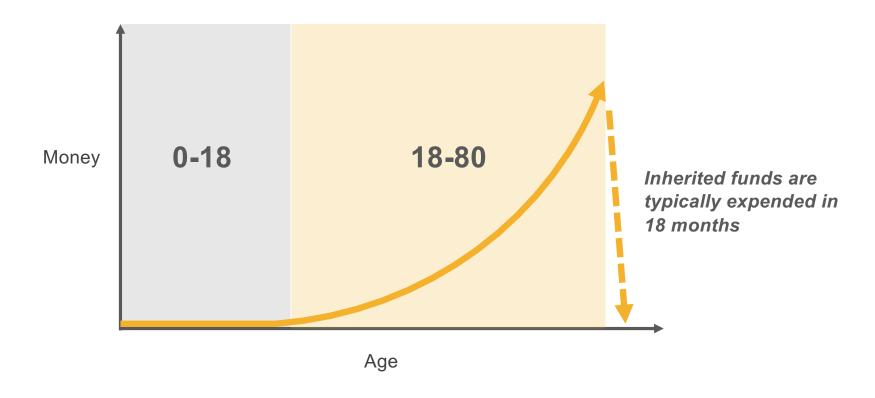


Reality #2

Sometimes \$1 is worth LESS than \$1



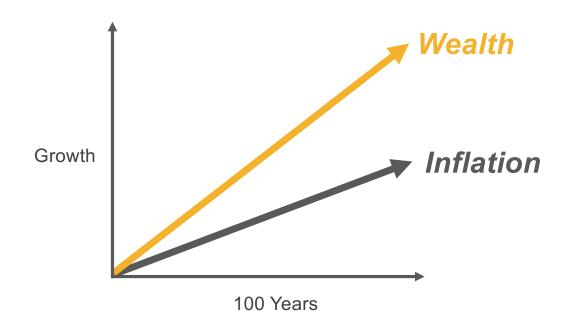
#### **Inherited Wealth**





## Myth

The wealthy will always be wealthy



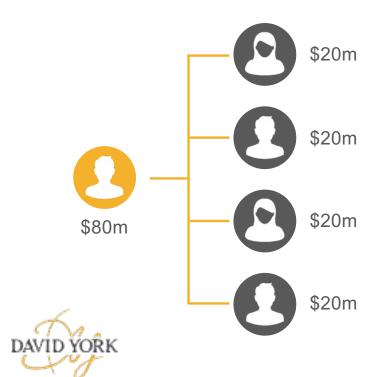


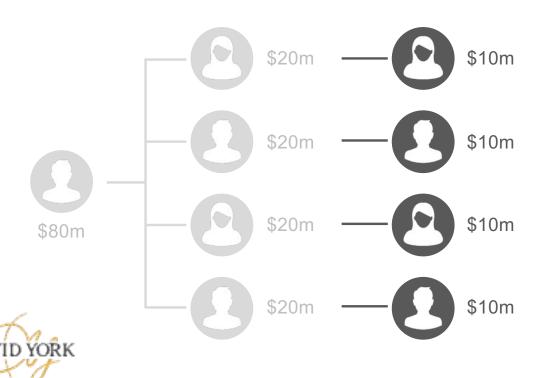
The wealthy usually don't stay wealthy

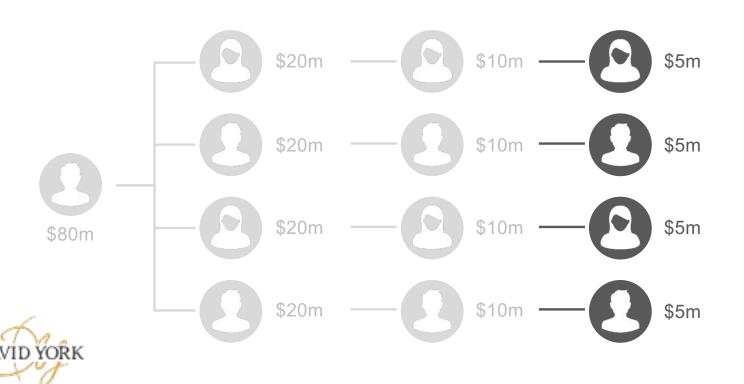


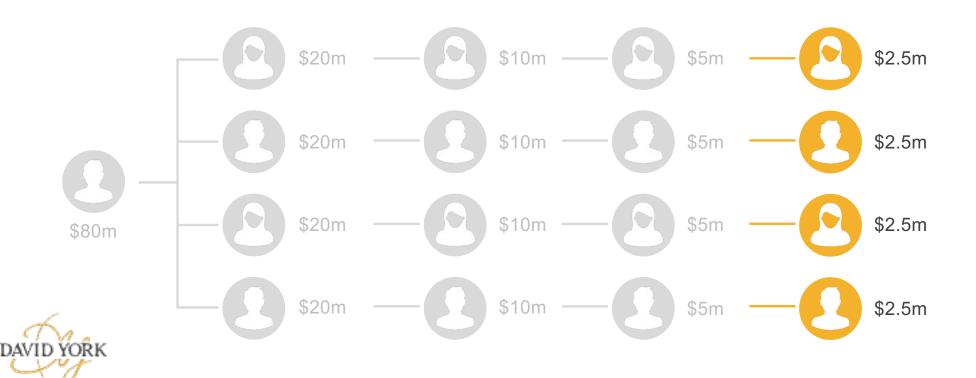
**Average Annual Erosion of Wealth** 







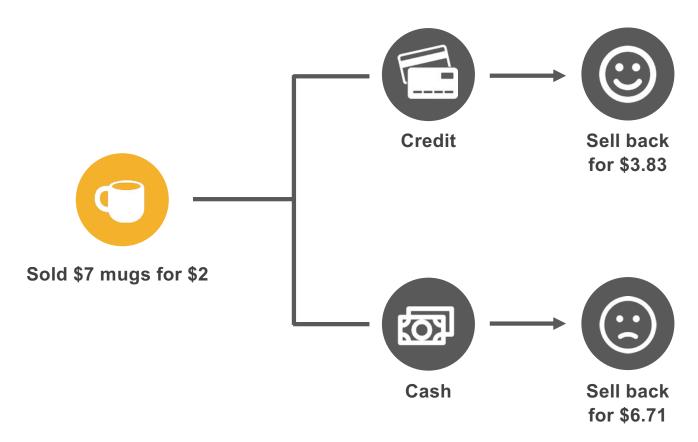




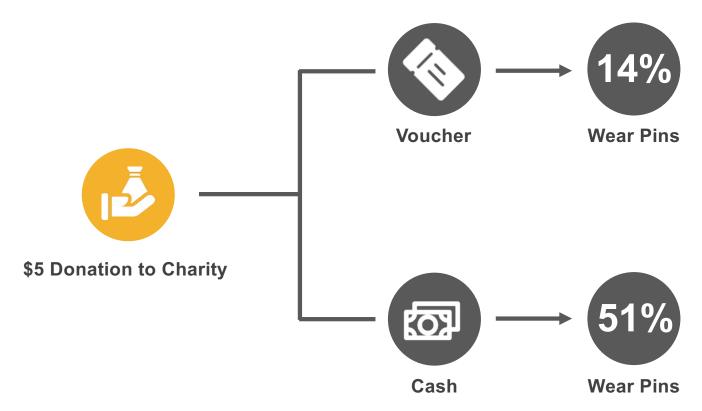
Reality #2(a)

Sometimes \$1 is worth MORE than \$1

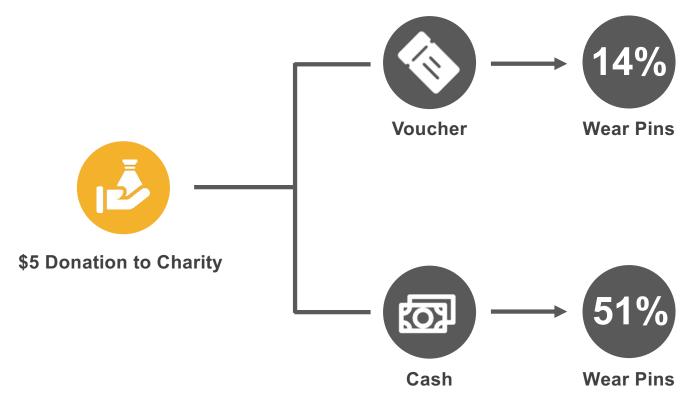












#### **Bottom line:**

A dollar is worth more than a dollar when it comes with cost or pain and typically worth less than a dollar when it's not



Buying into one or more of these myths can leave us off-balance, off-kilter, confused and wandering.



Transcendence

Consumers (most common)



Investment

Consumers (Most common)



**Investment:** Little to none



Focus: Inward



Time: Present



Focus: Down



**Driver:** Expectations



Perspective: Entitled



Portion of population: Most common

Dreamers
(less common)

Consumers
(most common)



Transcendence

Investment

**Dreamers** (less common)



**Investment:** Unable or unwilling to invest



Focus: Outward



**Time:** Future



Focus: Up



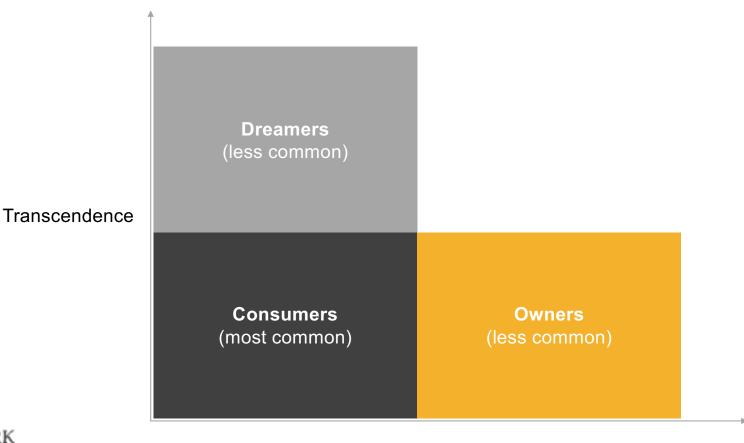
**Driver:** Meaning



Perspective: Enriching



Portion of population: Less common





Investment

**Owners** (less common)



**Investment:** Deeply invested



Focus: Inward



Time: Present



Focus: Forward



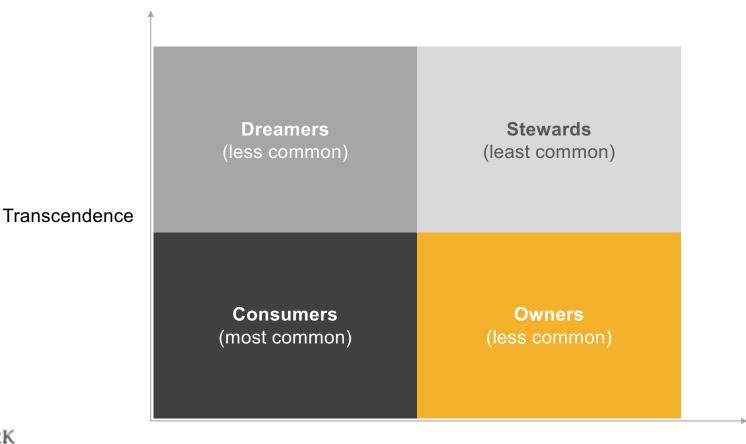
**Driver:** Return



Perspective: Enterprising



Portion of population: Less common





Investment

#### **Stewards**

(least common)



**Investment:** Deeply invested



Focus: Outward



Time: Present and future



Focus: Upward



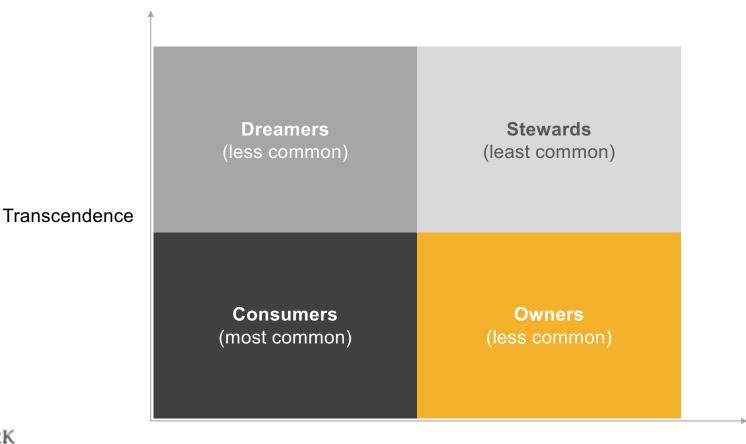
**Driver:** Purpose



Perspective: Entrusted



Portion of population: Rare

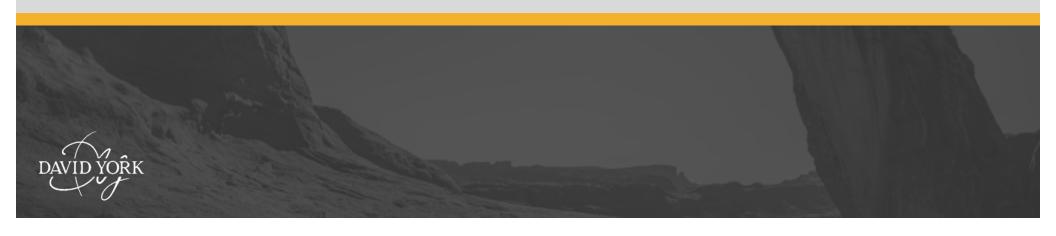




Investment



### The two key attributes of a Steward





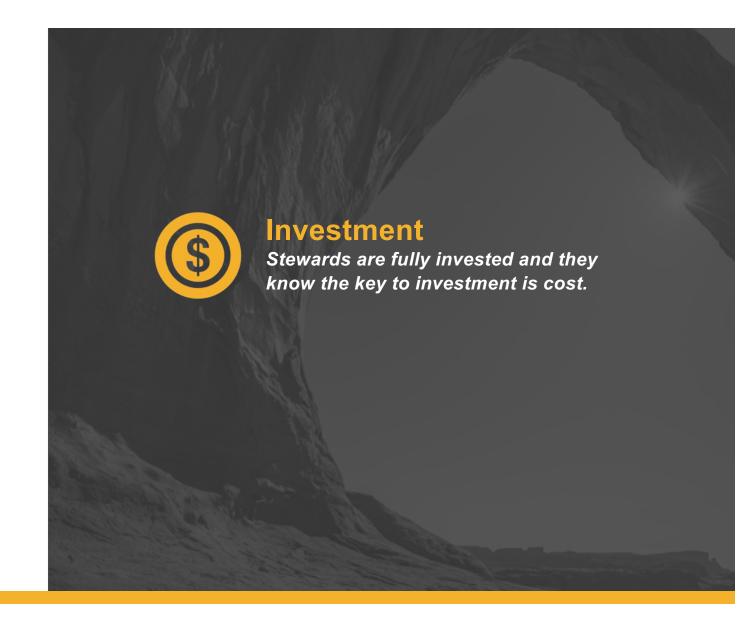




**Steward = Investment + Transcendence** 



# The two key attributes of a Steward





# Four Benefits of Cost

NASEEM TALEB

- 1. Cost and risk are critical to help you understand what you value.
- 2. Cost brings focus and clarity to a situation.
- 3. Cost forces us to constantly think and adapt.
- 4. Taking on both the benefits and the burdens of one's decisions, is ultimately an act of honor and courage.



# The two key attributes of a Steward





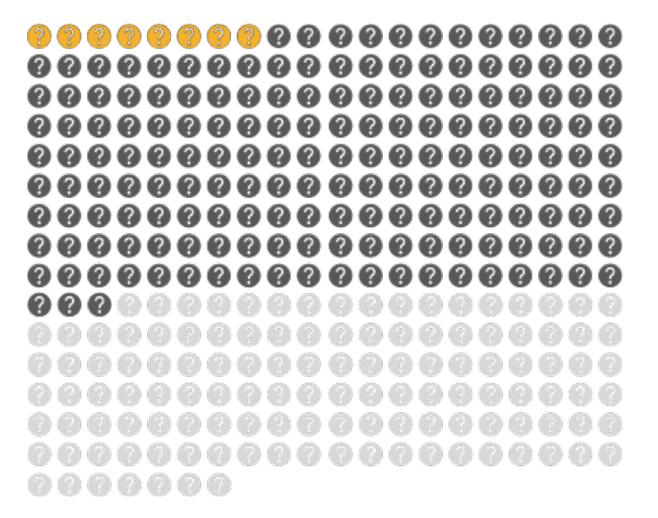


Today, the problem isn't a lack of information. It's actually a lack of transformation.



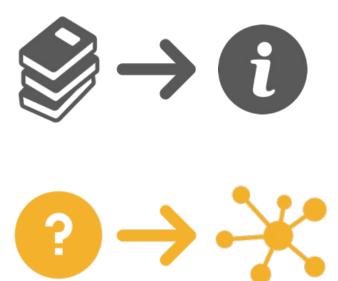








The reality is that while data, knowledge and information inform, it is questions and stories that transform.





# Four Questions to consider:

- What's the greatest compliment you could receive?
- What is one of the best ways to express love?
- If you could be known for only three things, what would they be?
- What are you looking for?



### Four Key Building Blocks for Stewards





### **Equality of Opportunity**

Purpose	Successful children know who they are, what they value, and what they believe and they understand those same things about their family
Participation	Successful children are actively participating in providing services as part of the family, have age-appropriate responsibilities, and earn funds for their needs
Preparation	Successful children are provided with meaningful education, tools, and resources to understand how to manage and oversee financial resources
Perspective	Successful children experience a full spectrum of life, both in their communities and around the World, and they understand that their circumstances are unique.





### **Justice Before the Law**

Justice involves the fair and objective treatment of an individual within a system. It does not mean that the equal opportunities afforded to family members will result in an equality of outcome.



### **Supremacy of Reason**



54% said their family would benefit from a formal set of values or principles to guide the handling of their wealth, but only 10% had actually implemented such a thing.



said their estate plan did not advance their goals, values, and objectives.



# Three Critical Questions

- 1. What can I expect being part of this family/company/group?
- 2. What should I not expect?
- 3. What is expected of me?



### Efficacy of Grace

- 1. Grace and truth must go hand in hand.
- 2. Grace should be seen as completing justice, not competing with it
- 3. Grace is relational and not transactional.



